Ultimaker

Ultimaker ABS
Technical data sheet

General overview

Chemical composition	See Ultimaker ABS safety data sheet, section 3
Description	Used by an array of industries worldwide, Ultimaker ABS is known for its exceptional mechanical properties. Ultimaker ABS is specifically formulated to minimize warping and ensure consistent interlayer adhesion
Key features	Toughness and heat resistance. Superior aesthetics, minimal warping, and reliable bed adhesion
Applications	Visual and functional prototyping, and short-run manufacturing
Non-suitable for	Food contact and in vivo applications. Long term UV exposure can negatively affect properties of an Ultimaker ABS printed part. Applications where the printed part is exposed to temperatures higher than 87 °C

Filament specifications

	Method (standard)	Value
Diameter	–	2.85 ± 0.10 mm
Max roundness deviation	–	0.10 mm
Net filament weight	–	750 gr
Filament length	–	~ 107 m

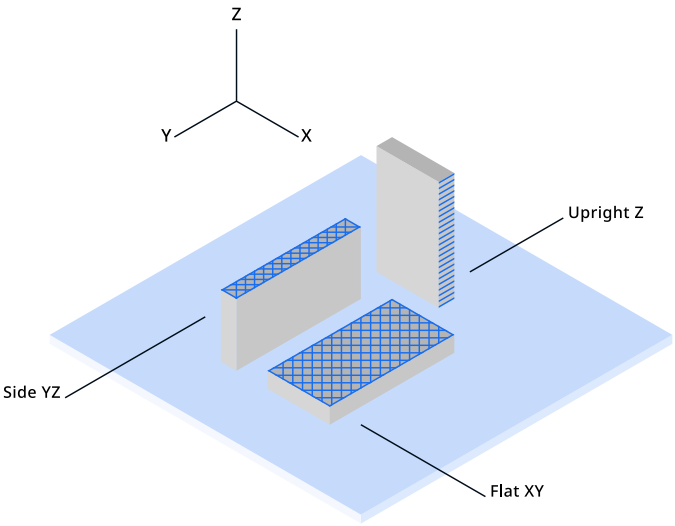
Color information

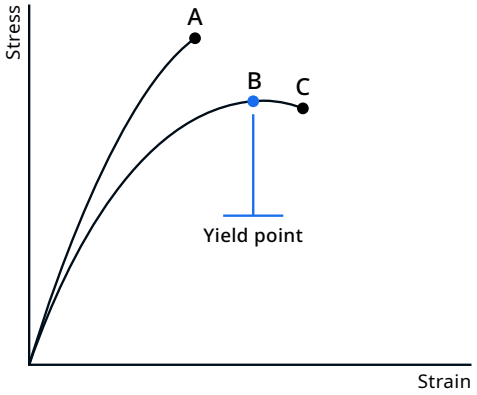
Color	Color code
Black	RAL 9017
White	RAL 9003
Red	RAL 3020
Blue	RAL 5002
Silver	RAL 9006
Pearl Gold	RAL 1036
Green	RAL 6018
Orange	RAL 2008
Yellow	RAL 1023
Gray	RAL 7011

Mechanical properties

All samples were 3D printed. See ‘Notes’ section for details.

	Test method	Typical value		
		XY (Flat)	YZ (Side)	Z (Up)
Tensile (Young’s) modulus	ASTM D3039 (1 mm / min)	1962 ± 31 MPa	1931 ± 68 MPa	1699 ± 113 MPa
Tensile stress at yield	ASTM D3039 (5 mm / min)	38.1 ± 0.3 MPa	38.2 ± 0.4 MPa	No yield
Tensile stress at break	ASTM D3039 (5 mm / min)	33.9 ± 1.5 MPa	35.7 ± 1.0 MPa	19.0 ± 0.6 MPa
Elongation at yield	ASTM D3039 (5 mm / min)	4.1 ± 0.1%	4.1 ± 0.1%	No yield
Elongation at break	ASTM D3039 (5 mm / min)	4.6 ± 0.3%	4.5 ± 0.2%	2.0 ± 0.1%
Flexural modulus	ISO 178 (1 mm / min)	1430 ± 83 MPa	1470 ± 48 MPa	1317 ± 28 MPa
Flexural strength	ISO 178 (5 mm / min)	61.1 ± 3.2 MPa at 5.1% strain	60.2 ± 0.6 MPa at 5.3% strain	21.5 ± 1.8 MPa at 1.5% strain
Flexural strain at break	ISO 178 (5 mm / min)	No break (>10%)	No break (>10%)	1.5 ± 0.1%
Charpy impact strength (at 23 °C)	ISO 179-1 / 1eB (notched)	14.2 ± 1.2 kJ/m² (Hinge)	–	–
Hardness	ISO 7619-1 (Durometer, Shore D)	76 Shore D	–	–





A. Tensile stress at break, elongation at break (no yield point)
B. Tensile stress at yield, elongation at yield
C. Tensile stress at break, elongation at break

Print orientation

As the FFF process produces part in a layered structure, mechanical properties of the part vary depending on orientation of the part. In-plane there are differences between walls (following the contours of the part) and infill (layer of 45° lines). These differences can be seen in the the data for XY (printed flat on the build plate - mostly infill) and YZ (printed on its side - mostly walls). Additionally, the upright samples (Z direction) give information on the strength of the interlayer adhesion of the material. Typically the interlayer strength (Z) has the lowest strength in FFF.

Note: All samples are printed with 100% infill - blue lines in the ilustration indicate typical directionality of infill and walls in a printed part.

Tensile properties

Printed parts can yield before they break, where the material is deforming (necking) before it breaks completely. When this is the case, both the yield and break points will be reported. Typical materials that yield before breaking are materials with high toughness like Tough PLA, Nylon and CPE+.

If the material simply breaks without yielding, only the break point will be reported. This is the case for brittle materials like PLA and PC Transparant, as well as elastomers (like TPU).

Thermal properties

Samples marked with an asterisk (*) were 3D printed. See ‘Notes’ section for details.

	Test Method	Typical value
Melt mass-flow rate (MFR)	ISO 1133 (260 °C, 5 kg)	41 g / 10 min
Heat deflection (HDT) at 0.455 MPa*	ISO 75-2 / B	86.6 ± 0.4 °C
Vicat softening temperature*	ISO 306 / A120	93.8 ± 0.7 °C
Glass transition	ISO 11357 (DSC, 10 °C / min)	100.5 °C
Melting temperature	ISO 11357 (DSC, 10 °C / min)	- (amorphous)

Other properties

Specific gravity	ISO 1183	1.1 g / cm^3

Notes

*3D Printing: all samples were printed using a new spool of material loaded in an Ultimaker S5 Pro bundle with engineering intent profiles using 0.15 mm layer height with AA0.4 printcore and 100% infill, using Ultimaker Cura 4.9. Samples were printed ‘one-at-a-time’. Printed samples were conditioned in room temperature for at least 24h before measuring.

Specimen dimensions (L x W x H):
- Tensile test: 215 x 20 x 4 mm
- Flexural/Vicat/HDT: 80 x 10 x 4 mm
- Charpy: 80 x 10 x 4 mm with printed Notch (Type 1eB)

Disclaimer

Any technical information or assistance provided herein is given and accepted at your risk, and neither Ultimaker nor its affiliates make any warranty relating to it or because of it. Neither Ultimaker nor its affiliates shall be responsible for the use of this information, or of any product, method or apparatus mentioned, and you must make your own determination of its suitability and completeness for your own use, for the protection of the environment, and for the health and safety of your employees and purchasers of your products. No warranty is made of the merchantability or fitness of any product; and nothing herein waives any of Ultimaker’s conditions of sale. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Version	v5.00
Date	April 20, 2022